

SET -A

Pate of Exam: 10-03-2024 Time Allotted: 2 hours	Max. Marks: 40
(Note: This question paper consists of 3 printed pages. Please check that you have all the pages.)	
21. Choose the correct option:	$(1 \times 5 = 5)$
i. Identify the correct match from the opt	tions given below.
A) Antibiotic - Joseph B) Clinical thermometer - Wilheln C) Anti-smallpox vaccine - Edward	Lister m K Roentgen
ii. Vasco da Gama was the first European land in India?A) 1496C) 1498	n to discover the sea route to India. Which year did he B) 1497 D) 1499
iii. The Industrial Revolution first started	l in
A) GermanyC) Russia	B) United States of AmericaD) England
iv. Which body part among the options g using a clinical thermometer?	given is the most suitable for measuring temperature
A) ForeheadC) Wrist	B) Mouth D) Hand
v. The full form of ECOSOC is A) Economic and Social Council C) Economic and Social Cooperation	B) Economic Cultural and Social Cooperation D) Economic Cultural and Social Council
22. Answer the following in a word or a	sentence: $(1 \times 3 = 3)$
i. Complete the analogy.General Assembly : Largest body of th	ne UN :: : Judicial organ of the UN.
ii. The process of cleaning surgical instrugerms.	uments in boiling water to make them free from
iii. The unjust law which said that if a kin	ng died without a natural heir, his kingdom would

be taken over by the British.

Q3. Study the two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

 $(1 \times 2 = 2)$

- A) Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A).
- B) Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A).
- C) Assertion(A) is true but Reason(R) is false.
- D) Assertion(A) is false but Reason(R) is true.
- i. **Assertion:** The Security Council is the most powerful organ of the United Nations.

Reason: The decisions of the Security Council are final and all the members have to abide by its decisions.

ii. **Assertion:** Antibiotics check the growth and spread of germs.

Reason: Penicillin was the first antibiotic to be discovered.

Q4. Answer the following in short:

 $(2 \times 4 = 8)$

i. Observe the picture given and answer the following questions.



- a. Identify this medical instrument.
- b. Who invented this medical instrument?
- c. What is it used for?
- ii. Name any four countries that have received the veto power of the United Nations.
- iii. In 1600, a group of merchants of England took permission to form a company to trade in India.
 - a. What was the name of that company?
 - b. Name the queen of England who gave permission to form that company.
- iv. Observe the picture given below and answer the following questions.



Children are the future of the human race

- a. Which agency of the United Nations does this picture depict?
- b. Where is the headquarters of that agency?
- c. Write any one function of that agency.

Q5. Give reasons for the following: (Write two points for each)

 $(2 \times 2 = 4)$

- i. Carbolic acid is used during surgeries.
- ii. The Indians lost the revolt of 1857.

Q6. Read the passage and answer the following questions:

 $(1 \times 3 = 3)$

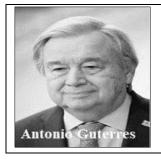
- i. In 1941, the Atlantic Charter was signed to work towards an effective system to maintain world peace and cooperation. After a year, four of the allies agreed to form this organisation called United Nations. Thus, the United Nations was founded with 50 members.
 - a) Name the two leaders who signed the Atlantic charter.
 - b) When was the United Nations founded?
 - c) Describe the flag of the United Nations.

Q7. Answer the following:

 $(3 \times 4 = 12)$

- i. Identify the agencies of the UN which came to help in the following situations. Write one function of that agency other than the one given below.
 - a. This agency of the UN worked with member countries in facilitating research and coordinating vaccine development and distribution during COVID 19.
 - b. This agency of the UN helped to improve farming methods and changed the desert area of Rajasthan into a fertile land.
- ii. Which battle made the British powerful in Bengal? Write two reasons for that battle.
- iii. Mention any three important developments in the field of surgery.

iv.



- a. How is Antonio Guterres related to the United Nations?
- b. Write any two points about his roles and responsibilities in the United Nations.

Q8. Identify and mark the following places on a political map of India:

 $(\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3)$

- i. The place where the revolt of 1857 started.
- ii. The place where Vasco da Gama first landed in India.
- iii Two places where the French set up trading centres.
- iv. Two places where the British set up trading centres.
